



R. D. Porter\*, S. Aderhold, L. Alsberg, D. Gonnella, J. Nelson, N. R. Neveu, L. Zacarias (SLAC, Menlo Park, California), G. Gaitan, N. A. Stilin (Cornell University (CLASSE), Ithaca, New York), A. Cravatta, J. P. Holzbauer, S. Posen (Fermilab, Batavia, Illinois), M. A. Drury, M. D. McCaughan, C. Wilson (TJNAF, Newport News, Virginia)

### Introduction:

Microphonics can be a serious issue for superconducting accelerators. Small vibrations can cause the cavities to detune and if the detuning is too large it causes the cavities to lose amplitude and phase lock with the beam. Considerable R&D was invested into the LCLS-II cryomodule design to minimize microphonics. Here we show preliminary microphonics/detuning measurements from the installed LCLS-II cryomodules.









# **Microphonics in the LCLS-II Superconducting Linac**



### **Cavity Detuning (Whole Machine)**



## 94% of cavities are within the detuning specification (10 Hz) • Only two cavities are gradient limited due to microphonics (fixable) • Largest source of excessive microphonics is cooldown valve leaks



### Peak Detune Histogram (1.3 GHz)

Stanford University